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## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

5 1. A neurostimulator for stimulating excitable tissue, comprising:  
drive circuitry;  
an acoustic transducer connected to the drive circuitry; and  
a pair of electrodes driven by the drive circuitry.

10 2. The neurostimulator of claim 1, wherein:  
the drive circuitry is configured to drive the acoustic transducer to generate  
a pressure wave;  
the acoustic transducer is positioned to direct the pressure wave at the  
excitable tissue; and  
15 the drive circuitry is configured to generate stimulating current between the  
pair of electrodes.

20 3. The neurostimulator of claim 1, wherein:  
the pair of electrodes are implemented using a piezoelectric chip;  
the drive circuitry is configured to drive the acoustic transducer to generate  
a pressure wave; and  
the acoustic transducer is positioned to direct the pressure wave towards  
the piezoelectric chip.

25 4. The neurostimulator of claim 3, wherein the piezoelectric chip comprises:  
a piezoelectric element having at least two opposite surfaces;  
a diode;  
a biocompatible coating surrounding the piezoelectric element and the  
diode; and  
30 an electrode located adjacent each of the opposite surfaces, where each  
electrode is partially contained by the biocompatible coating.

35 5. The neurostimulator of claim 4, wherein the piezoelectric element includes  
zirconate titanate (PZT).

6. The neurostimulator of claim 4, where in the piezoelectric element includes  
polyvinylidene fluoride (PVDF).

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7. The neurostimulator of claim 3, further comprising additional piezoelectric chips.

5 8. The neurostimulator of claim 7, wherein:  
each of the piezoelectric chips has a different resonant frequency; and  
the drive circuitry is configured to drive the acoustic transducer at the resonant frequency of one of the piezoelectric chips.

10 9. The neurostimulator of claim 1, wherein the drive circuitry further comprises:  
a pulse generator;  
a function generator connected to the pulse generator; and  
15 amplifier circuitry connected to the function generator.

10. The neurostimulator of claim 9, wherein the amplifier circuitry comprises:  
a drive amplifier; and  
a RF amplifier.

20 11. A transcutaneous neural stimulator, comprising:  
drive circuitry;  
an acoustic transducer; and  
a pair of electrodes.

25 12. The neural stimulator of claim 11, wherein:  
the drive circuitry is configured to drive the acoustic transducer to generate  
a pressure wave;  
the acoustic transducer is positioned to direct the pressure wave at the  
30 excitable tissue; and  
the drive circuitry is configured to generate stimulating current between the  
pair of electrodes.

35 13. The neural stimulator of claim 11, wherein:  
the pair of electrodes are implemented using a piezoelectric chip;  
the drive circuitry is configured to drive the acoustic transducer to generate  
a pressure wave; and

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the acoustic transducer is positioned to direct the pressure wave towards the piezoelectric chip.

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14. A device for stimulating the pudendal nerve, comprising:  
drive circuitry;  
an acoustic transducer connected to the drive circuitry; and  
a pair of electrodes driven by the drive circuitry.

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15. The device of claim 14, wherein:  
the drive circuitry is configured to drive the acoustic transducer to generate a pressure wave;  
the acoustic transducer is positioned to direct the pressure wave at the pudendal nerve; and  
the drive circuitry is configured to generate stimulating current between the pair of electrodes.

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16. The device of claim 14, wherein:  
the pair of electrodes is implemented using a piezoelectric chip;  
the drive circuitry is configured to drive the acoustic transducer to generate a pressure wave; and  
the acoustic transducer is positioned to direct the pressure wave towards the piezoelectric chip.

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17. A neurostimulator, comprising:  
pressure wave generation means; and  
electrode means.

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18. A method of stimulating excitable tissue, comprising:  
applying stimulating ultrasound to the tissue; and  
applying a stimulating electric current to the tissue.

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19. A method of stimulating excitable tissue, comprising directing pressure waves at a piezoelectric chip located proximate the excitable tissue.

20. A method of preventing transmission of pain signals, comprising stimulating a nerve using ultrasound and electric currents.

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21.   A method of preventing transmission of pain, comprising directing pressure waves at a piezoelectric chip located proximate a nerve.

5       22.   A method of stimulating the pudendal nerve, comprising stimulating a nerve using ultrasound and electric currents.

10      23.   A method of stimulating the pudendal nerve, comprising directing pressure waves at a piezoelectric chip located proximate the pudendal nerve.

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